## Year $5 \quad$ Autumn Term

| Mathematical aspect | Mathematical themes | National Curriculum statement |
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| Weeks 1-3 | Number, place value and rounding <br> To be able to read, write and say numbers to $1,000,000$ using the comma separator <br> Comparing and ordering numbers including negative numbers Rounding to the nearest 10,100 and 1000. <br> Expose rounding on a number line/ rule of 5 and above. <br> Identifying the correct digit when rounding to the nearest 10 , 100 or 1000 <br> Rearranging the number eg $142=100+30+12$ (getting ready for exchange) <br> Being able to count forwards and backwards in the steps of the powers of 10 and know how to cross the boundary Understanding the value of each digit Positive and negative numbers | - To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> - To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to $1,000,000$. <br> - To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. <br> - To round any number up to $1,000,000$ to the nearest 10,100 , 1000, 10,000 and <br> 100,000. <br> - To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. <br> Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numeral |
| Weeks 4-5 | Calculation and arithmetic of addition and subtraction <br> Mental and written methods for large numbers <br> Recognising the arithmetic in the question so they can choose and effective method. Eg 2999-1242 being seen as 3000 as 1243. <br> Using effective processors so arithmetic is secure and applying bond knowledge. <br> Efficiency and accuracy, and procedural competence <br> Using rounding to check the reasonableness of the answer Understanding the columns <br> Understanding the process of where to start and how to track through the written method <br> No crossing of boundaries Crossing of boundaries ( generating an exchanging digit) | To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> - To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. |


|  |  | - To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places. |
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| Autumn themes integrated into number: staircase project or fire and ice project (to be confirmed) Contextualised learning: look for opportunities within topic curriculum |  |  |
| Week 6 | Properties of number: <br> Understanding vocabulary and having clear definitions and generalisations. <br> To use and understand the terms: factor, multiples, primes, squares, cubes composite numbers <br> Understanding the notice of squared and cube numbers | To identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into factors. <br> - To know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. <br> - To establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 . <br> To recognise and use square and cube numbers |
| Weeks 7-9 | Calculation and arithmetic: Multiplication and division <br> Apply tables knowledge in the context of place value eg $6 \times 7=42$ and $60 \times 7$ etc <br> Understanding the relationships between the multiplication and division statements eg $6 \times 7=42,7 \times 6=42$ and $42 \div 7=6$ <br> Facts and mental to written methods <br> Mental strategies for partitioning for multiplication ( $96 \times 6$ could be $90 \times 6$ and $6 \times 6$ ) <br> Mental strategies for rearranging for division ( $96 \div 6$ could be partitioned into $60 \div 6$ and $36 \div 6$ ) distributive law Understanding multiplication as commutative <br> Short standard method to long method - understanding the process of long multiplication so that the place value is secure Understand the associative law <br> Short division method backed up by models and images (refer to calculation on policy) | To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. <br> To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 . <br> - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. |


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| Weeks 10-11 | Fractions: comparing and ordering and fractions as numbers (refer to fractions policy) <br> Understand the denominator as equal parts and the numerator as how many equals parts numerator Understanding the whole and parts <br> Variety of models used to understand the structure of fractions <br> Developing understanding or denominator e.g the bigger the denominator the smaller the fraction <br> Strategies for converting mixed numbers and improper fractions and vice- versa <br> Simplifying fractions <br> Understanding the relationship between timetables |

- To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.
- To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other. Dividing to make fractions.
To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number: $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=$ 11/5.
To identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths.
To compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.
To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number.

[^0]Closing the gap.
Cross-curriculum learning - fire and ice project.


[^0]:    Week 12: Opportunities for richer and deeper learning.

